NAME:	DATE:
HISTORY: Irish Cultural Revival	

HISTORY

Irish Cultural Revival

It is not necessary to carry out all the activities contained in this unit.

Please see *Teachers' notes* for explanations, additional activities, and tips and suggestions.

Theme	Irish Cultural F	Revival	
All students:	Keywords	3	
Activities that are suitable for Learning Support, Language	Vocabulary File	4-6	
	Activating Students' Existing Knowledge	7	
Support and the Mainstream	Completing Sentences	13	
Subject Class include:	Multiple Choice	14	
	Writing	15	
	Preparing a talk	16-17	
	Wordsearch	21	
Learning support and	Working with words	8	
Language support:	Picture Sentences	9	
Activities suitable for students receiving Learning or	Odd One Out	10	
Language Support include:	History Keywords	11	
	Unscramble the letters	12	
	Alphaboxes	20	
	Play Snap	22-24	
Language support:	Vocabulary	18	
Additional activities for Language Support:	Grammar points	19	
Levels for Language Support	A1 – B1 The language level of each activity is indicated in an information box.		
Learning focus	Using History textbooks and accessing curriculum content and learning activities.		
Acknowledgement	The English Language Support Programme acknowledges the permission of Gill and Macmillan to reproduce excerpts from History Revision for Junior Certificate by Desmond O' Leary.		

Note: The categorisation of activities is indicative only and should not prevent teachers from using any activities that are considered suitable for a particular group of students.

NAME:	DATE:

Making the best use of these units

Learning Record

A copy of the Learning Record should be distributed to each learning support and language support student.

Students should:

- 1. Write the subject and topic on the record.
- 2. Tick off/date the different statements as they complete activities.
- 3. Keep the record in their files along with the work produced for this unit.
- 4. Use this material to support mainstream subject learning.

Introduction of a topic or activity should ensure that students understand **what** they are doing and **why**. Many students will have some difficulty in understanding both the language in the activity and the instructions/purpose for carrying out the activity.

You can create your **personal teaching resource** by printing these units in full and filing them by subject in a large ring binder.

Encourage students to:

- Bring the relevant subject textbooks to learning/language support class. It does not matter if they have different textbooks as the activities in these units refer to vocabulary and other items that will be found in all subject textbooks. These units are based on curriculum materials.
- o Take some **responsibility for their own learning** programmes by:

Developing a **personal dictionary** for different subjects, topics, and other categories of language, on an on-going basis. This prompt is a reminder.



Recording what they have learnt on the *Learning Record*, which should be distributed at the start of each unit.



Keeping their own **files** with good examples of the work produced for different subjects and topics. This file will be an invaluable **learning resource** in supporting mainstream learning.



Indicates that answers may be found at the end of the unit.

Don't forget that many of the activities in these units are also suitable as **homework** tasks or for **self-study**.

NAME:	DATE:

Keywords

The list of keywords for this unit is as follows:

Nouns

army backwardness beliefs Catholic Church Catholics clubs community competition culture decline drama emigration games journalists language League legends literature members myths nationalism national schools newspapers nineteenth century

plays
poets
police
policemen
pride
progress
prosperity
Protestants
revival
rules
soldier

theatre

themes writers

Verbs to ban to believe to buy to copy to decline to develop to emigrate to emphasise to establish to found to halt to lay down to learn to organise to protect to recruit to regard to restore to revive to slow

Adjectives anglo-Irish backward Catholic cultural English equal foreign

Gaelic

Irish

to speak

Irish-speaking massive modern national native nineteenth political proud successful

Adverbs
directly
especially
gradually
most
normally
rapidly
slowly

Proper names Abbey Theatre Arthur Griffith

Douglas Hyde Eoin MacNeill

Gaelic Athletic Association (GAA) Irish Republican Brotherhood

(IRB)

Lady Gregory Michael Cusack Sinn Fein W.B. Yeats

Irish names feiseanna oireachtais

NAME:	DATE:

Vocabulary file 1

Word	Meaning	Note or example*
beliefs		
Catholic Church		
culture		
decline		
emigration		
literature		

^{*} You may wish to write a sentence or phrase, make a note of the page in your textbook where this word appears or, if English is not your first language, provide a translation into your language.

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your resource folder so you can use it in the future.

NAME:	DATE:

Vocabulary file 2

Word	Meaning	Note or example
nationalism		
revival		
themes		
to ban		
to develop		
to establish		

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your resource folder so you can use it in the future.

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Vocabulary file 3

Word	Meaning	Note or example
to restore		
Anglo-Irish		
cultural		
foreign		
Irish- speaking		
native		

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your resource folder so you can use it in the future.

Language Level: all

Type of activity: whole class Suggested time: 10 minutes

Activating students' existing knowledge

Use a spidergram to activate students' ideas and knowledge on the key points in this chapter. See **Teachers' Notes** for suggestions.

Possible key terms for the spidergram:

Culture

Emigration

Legends and myths

- Invite newcomer students to provide key words in their own languages.
- Encourage dictionary use.
- Encourage all students to organise their vocabulary into relevant categories (e.g. meaning, nouns, keywords, verbs etc.).

All students should record vocabulary and terms from the spidergram in their personal dictionaries.

Language Level: A1

Type of activity: pairs or individual

Suggested time: 30 minutes



Working with words

1. Tick the correct answer



- a) this is a battle
- b) this is a Catholic church
- c) this is a coat
- d) this is a sail



- a) this is a river
- b) these are British soldiers
- c) this is a pencil
- d) this is a sharpener

2. Find these words in your textbook.

Write your own explanation for these words. Then write a note or example to help you remember the word. Use your dictionary if necessary.

Word	Page in textbook	Explanation	Note or example
culture			
legend			
literature			
revival			



Check that these key words are in your personal dictionary.

Language Level: A1

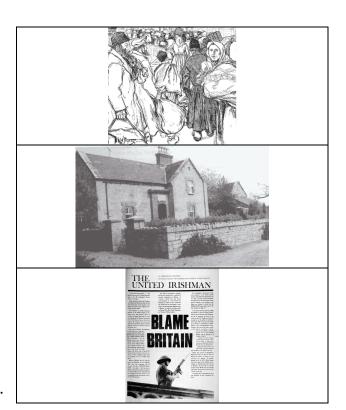
Type of activity: pairs or individual Suggested time: 30 minutes



Picture Sentences

1. Tick the correct answer

- a) This is a railway station.
- b) These people are emigrating.
- c) This is a theatre.
- a) This is a tram.
- b) These are books.
- c) This is a national school.
- a) This is a nationalist newspaper.
- b) This is a fruit.
- c) This is a computer speaker.



2. Put these words in the correct order to form sentences.

people emigrated Ireland from many	
decline Irish there language was a in the	
many poets and playwrights now Irish famous are	

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Language Level: A1/A2

Type of activity: pairs or individual Suggested time: 20 minutes

Odd One Out

1. Circle the word which does not fit with the other words in each line.

Example: d	apple orange	banana (taxi	l
Catholi	c French	n Protes	stant Muslim
poem	novel	play	TV
school	swimr	ming pool theat	re library
establi	sh found	d begin	finish

2. Find these words in your textbook. Then put them in short sentences in your own words. Use a dictionary if necessary.

to ban		 	
to decline	**********	 	
to establish		 	
to recruit	***********	 	
to revive		 	

Check that these key words are in your personal dictionary.

NAME:	DATE:

Language Level: A2 / B1
Type of activity: individual
Suggested time: 20 minutes



History Keywords

1. Fill in the missing letters of the keywords listed below. On the line beside each word, write whether the word is a noun, an adjective or a verb.

p_li_e ____

n_ti_e ____

l_ngu_g_ ____

wr_t_rs ____

2. Write as many words as possible related to **culture**. You have 3 minutes!

NAME: DATE:

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Language Level: A1 / A2

Type of activity: pairs or individual Suggested time: 20 minutes



Unscramble the letters

		_	
1.	This was the language of Ireland Answer	IRSIH	Look at each word as you write the answer.
2.	Thousands of people	EMIGARDET	Is your <u>spelling</u> correct?
	Answer		Can you <u>pronounce</u> the word?
3.	This was called the Gaelic	LEGAEU	Do you know what the word means?
	Answer		Have you got this
4.	A traditional Irish sport	HULRIGN	word in your personal
	Answer		

Solve the secret code

English=	A	C	D	Ε	F	I	Ν	M	٧	5	T	U
Code=	В	X	У	F	G	Q	R	0	L	Ε	A	W

example: (code) EAWYFRA = STUDENT (English)

RBAQLF =

NAME:	DATE:

Language Level: A2 / B1
Type of activity: pairs or individual
Suggested time: 20 minutes



Completing sentences

Fill in the blanks in the below.	nese sentences. Use words from the Word Box
The decline of the Iris	h language.
The Irish de	clined rapidly during the nineteenth century. There
was massive	ofspeaking people. The
Church and the national	ıl schools emphasised that English was the language
of progress and	Many people regarded Irish as a sign
of backwardness.	
RAY	emigration language prosperity Irish Catholic
declined to decl Look at these words f make with them. Use	d we can often make more words. For example: ine (verb), the decline (noun), declining (adjective) from the text and see how many words you can your dictionary to help you.
emphasised	
prosperity	
emigration	

NAME:	DATE:

Language Level: A2 / B1
Type of activity: individual
Suggested time: 30 minutes



Multiple choice Read the text below and choose the best answers.

The GAA

The Gaelic Athletic Association (GAA) was founded by Michael Cusack in 1884. The GAA aimed to develop nationalism in its members through their taking part in Irish sports. It (i) laid down rules for its games, (ii) organised many competitions and so (iii) made people proud of their local areas and country. However, the GAA 'banned' soldiers, policemen and those who played 'foreign' games. This ban led to bad feeling in many communities.

- 1. In what year was the GAA founded?
 - a) 2007

b) 1989

c) 1884

- d) 7 A D
- 2. Who founded the GAA?
 - a) teachers

- b) Michael Cusack
- c) Robert Emmet
- d) sisters
- 3. What did the GAA aim to develop?
 - a) nationalism
- b) football

c) music

- d) dancing
- 4. Did the GAA ban soldiers from joining?
 - a) ye

- b) no
- 5. Did this lead to bad feelings?
 - a) yes

b) no

What are 'foreign games' in this text?

What GAA games are played now in Ireland?

Language Level: A2 / B1 Type of activity: pairs / small groups Suggested time: 40 minutes			
Writ			
Look at the text again and fill in the in Who or what?	What did they do?		
Write a summary of the text in your of words. Title:	own words. Write approximately 30		
Get your teacher to check this, then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.			

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Language Level: A2 / B1

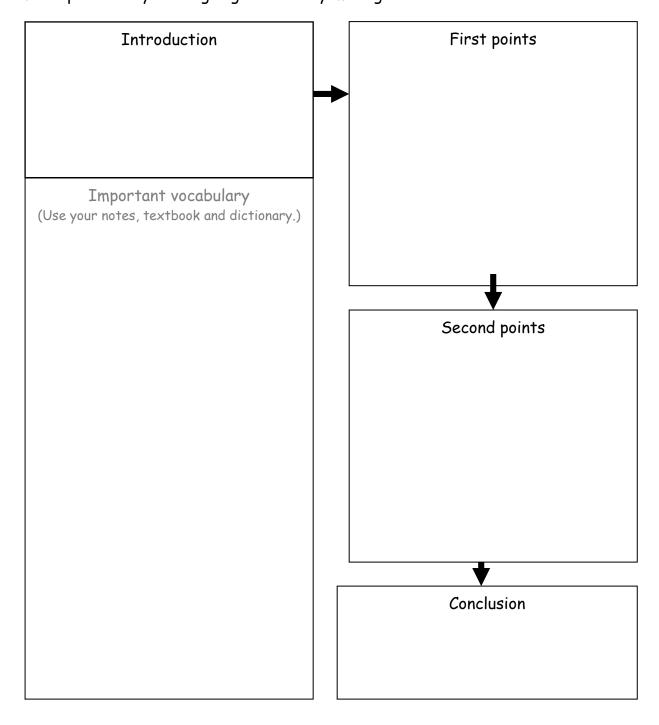
Type of activity: individual/ pairs / small

groups

Suggested time: 40 minutes

Preparing a talk

You are going to give a talk to the class on the topic 'What 'culture' means to me'. Use your keyword list and textbook to help you. First plan what you are going to write by making notes on this chart:



NAME: DATE: HISTORY: Irish Cultural Revival	
Use your plan and write notes for your talk. Title	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

When your teacher has checked this, file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

Have you ticked this activity on your Learning Record?

NAME:	DATE:

Language Level: all

Type of activity: individual Suggested time: 30 minutes

Vocabulary

In this Unit, we came across the following nouns.

Look through your textbook to find these words. Check the meanings in your dictionary.

Write a short sentence using each noun. You can use your textbook to help you.

culture	
languaga	
language	
poets	
prosperity	
pride	
emigration	
nationalism	

Get your teacher to check this, then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.



NAME:	DATE:

Language Level: all levels Type of activity: individual Suggested time: 30 minutes



Grammar points

Verbs with prepositions

Some verbs are followed by a preposition.

For example: sit down, stand up

Find the correct preposition in the box for these sentences. There is one preposition for each sentence.

1	All the students picked the litter.		
2	2 We came to school yesterday after the holidays.		
3	Look the diagram on page 64.	on	
4	Have you paid your new books?	back	
5	I always write the numbers.	down	
	,	at	
6	We must wait the bus.	for	
7	Take your coat, it is very wet.	ир	
8	He turned the volume on the TV.	for	
9	He is looking his pen. He always loses it.	ир	
10	She tried the coat in the shop.	off	
		for	

Get your teacher to check this, then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

NAME:	DATE:
1110707071111011	

Alphaboxes

Using your textbook, find <u>one</u> word beginning with each of the letters of the alphabet. Write the word in the relevant box. You could also write the word in your own language.

your own language.		
a	Ь	С
d	е	f
g	h	i
j	k	
m	n	0
p	q	r
S	†	u
V	W	хуz

Do you understand all these words?



Get your teacher to check this, then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

Word search



Find the words in the box below.

ARTHUR	GAMES	NINETEENTH
ENGLISH	GRIFFITH	SINN
FEIN	IRISH	WAS
FOUNDED	LANGUAGE	WERE
GAA	LEAGUE	
GAELIC	NATIVE	

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Play Snap Make Snap cards with 2 sets of the same keywords. See Notes for teachers for ideas about how to use the cards.		
X		
competition	competition	
language	language	
Irish	Irish	

NAME:	DATE:
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[
league	league
!	
<u> </u>	; }
games	games
	; !
soldier	soldier

NAME:	DATE:
NAME:	
culture	culture
to decline	to decline
emigration	emigration

NAME:	DATE:

Answer key

Working with words, page 8

1. b, b

Picture Sentences, page 9

b,c,a

Many people emigrated from Ireland.

There was a decline in the Irish language.

Many Irish poets and playwrights are now famous.

Odd one out, page 10

French, TV, swimming pool, finish

Key words, page 11

Police (noun), native(adjective or noun), language (noun), writers (noun)

Unscramble the letters, page 12

Irish, emigrated, league, hurling

Secret code: native

Completing text, Page 13

The decline of the Irish language.

The Irish language declined rapidly during the nineteenth century. There was massive emigration of Irish-speaking people. The Catholic Church and the national schools emphasised that English was the language of progress and prosperity. Many people regarded Irish as a sign of backwardness.

emphasised to emphasise, emphasis, emphatic, emphatically

prosperity to prosper, prosperous

emigration to emigrate, emigrant, to migrate, migrant,

migration

Multiple Choice, page 14

1c,2b,3a,4a,5a

Foreign games were soccer and rugby.

GAA games are football, hurling, camogie and handball.

Grammar points, page 19

picked **up**

came back

look at

NAME: _		DATE:
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paid for write down wait for take off turned up looking for tried on

Word Search, page 21

